# CNS Analyzer (EA)

Make : ThermoFisher®

Model : FLASH EA 1112 series

**Purpose:** To measure C,N S contents (wt.%) in natural /environmental/ synthetic samples.

The instrument is used for absolutes measurements of Carbon, Nitrogen and Sulfur contents in natural/ archaeological/ environmental samples for diagnostic pupose for radiocarbon dating as well as for using the data for geochemical interpretations.



The system uses pure He as carrier gas and ultra-pure  $O_2$  for flash combustion of samples. The analyzer is calibrated using a suite international and in-house laboratory standards to achieve high level of analytical precision (<2%) and accuracy.

# Working Principle

The EA works on the principle of "Dumas method" which involves the complete and instantaneous oxidation of the sample by "flash combustion". The combustion products are separated by a chromatographic column and detected by the Thermal Conductivity Detector (T.C.D.), which gives an output signal proportional to the concentration of



the individual components of the mixture. The schematic in the right panel is describes the major steps.

### **Major applications**

Organic compounds, Organometallics Pharmaceuticals Food & Agricultural Industries Chemistry & Chemical Engineering Geological & Environmental samples Gasoline and fuels, Coal and coke Graphite and carbides Metals and alloys, Polymers and explosives Dried and powdered samples are firstly weighed on ultrahigh sensitive analytical balance (shown below), packed in Tin/ Silver cups (from ~0.2mg to 30mg) in compact pellets. These pellets are then combusted in a in a combustion eactor at ~1000°C. Evolved gases are separated on a gas chromatographic column, and analyzed using a thermal conductivity detector (TCD). Temperature rises to ~1800°C in presence of pure  $O_2$ , causing the sample to complete combustion. Evolved gases are converted to carbon dioxide (CO<sub>2</sub>); nitrogen to nitrogen (N<sub>2</sub>) gas/ oxides of nitrogen and sulfur to sulfur dioxide (SO<sub>2</sub>). Detection of the gases can be carried out in a variety of ways including (i) a GC separation followed by quantification using thermal conductivity detection The gas mixture containing N<sub>2</sub>, CO<sub>2</sub>, and SO<sub>2</sub> flows into the chromatographic

column, which separate them using different retention times. Finally they are detected with the help of Thermal Conductivity Detector, where electrical signals processed by the *Eager 300* software provide percentages of Nitrogen, Carbon, and Sulfur contained in the sample.

The instrument is calibrated with the analysis of standard compounds using the K factor or linear- calibration methods.

#### Ultra-sensitive analytical balance



### **User Instruction**

Samples should be solid powders, well-dried and homogeneous.

# Charges excluding GST (18%)

For Institutional researchers	INR 250
For Other Institute/ University investigators	INR 500
For Industries	INR 1000

### **Contact Us**

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